



Views on capital allocation and value creation

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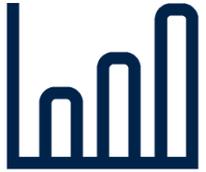
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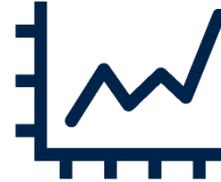
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Financial objectives



Growing net sales more rapidly than growth of the pharmaceuticals market. Achievement of this objective requires continuous investment in development of the product portfolio.



Keeping the equity ratio at least 50%.



Maintaining profitability at a good level. The aim is operating profit that exceeds 25% of net sales.



Distributing an annual dividend that in the next few years will be at least EUR 1.30 per share, and increasing the dividend in the long term.

Orion's strategic growth target to reach EUR 1.5 billion net sales by the end of 2025 expresses the above growth target in more tangible manner.

Financial targets are all important

Right balance needed

Relative importance of targets change over time

Capital allocation and value creation

Basic assumptions – long-term approach

In a long run profitable growth is needed for sustainable increase in market capitalisation and shareholder return

Orion is over 100 years old company

Key strategic question: How to generate best return on capital allocation?

Pharmaceutical R&D is long-term

Examples of variables

Right level of R&D funding

Probability of success in R&D

Business portfolio and the role of different business divisions

The role of M&A

Does the market find the chosen strategy credible

Role of growth vs. value/dividends

Changes in environment

How to create shareholder value

Long-term value creation is ultimately dependent on company's ability to grow profits

Use retained earnings to pay dividends or to make share buybacks

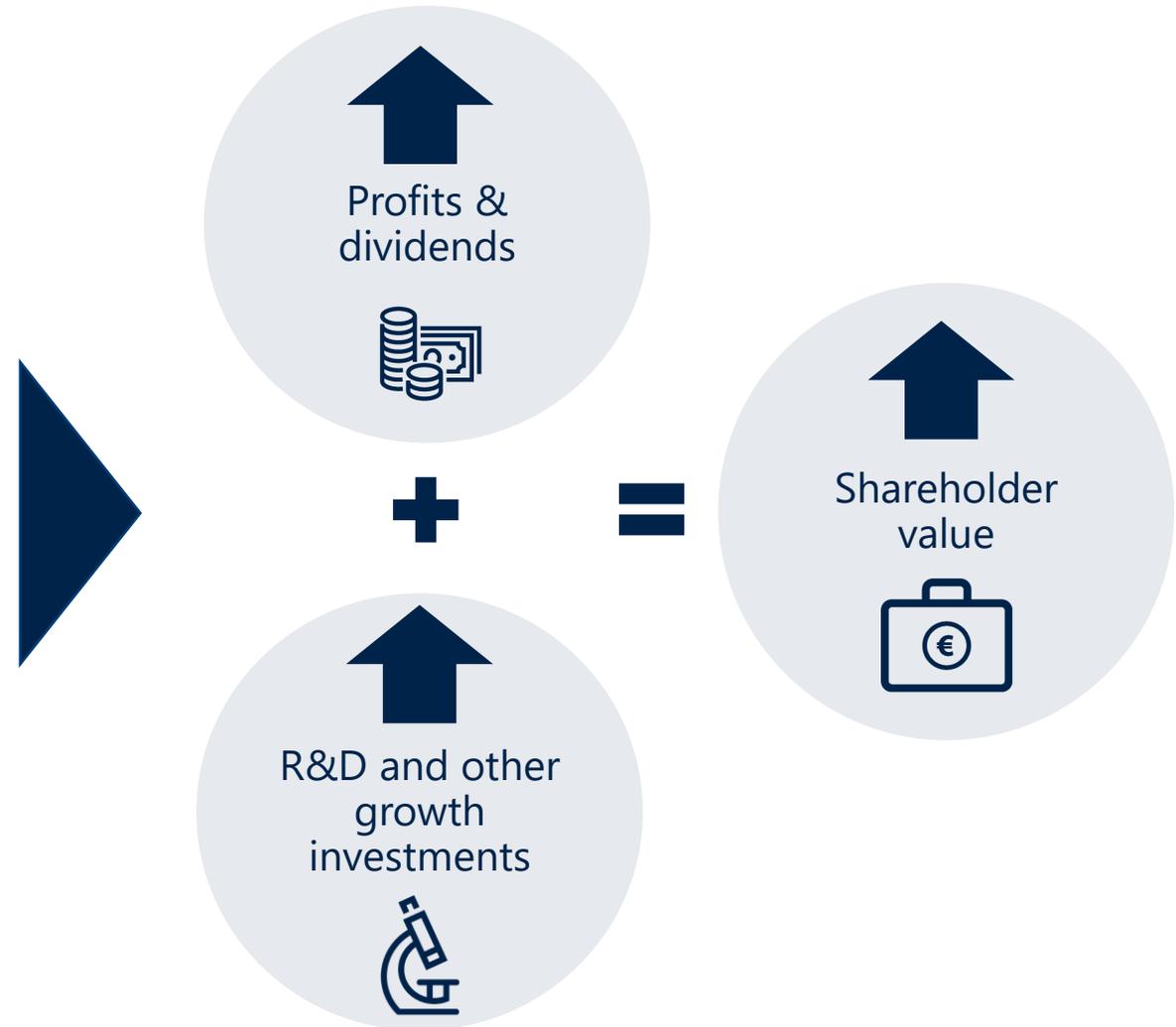
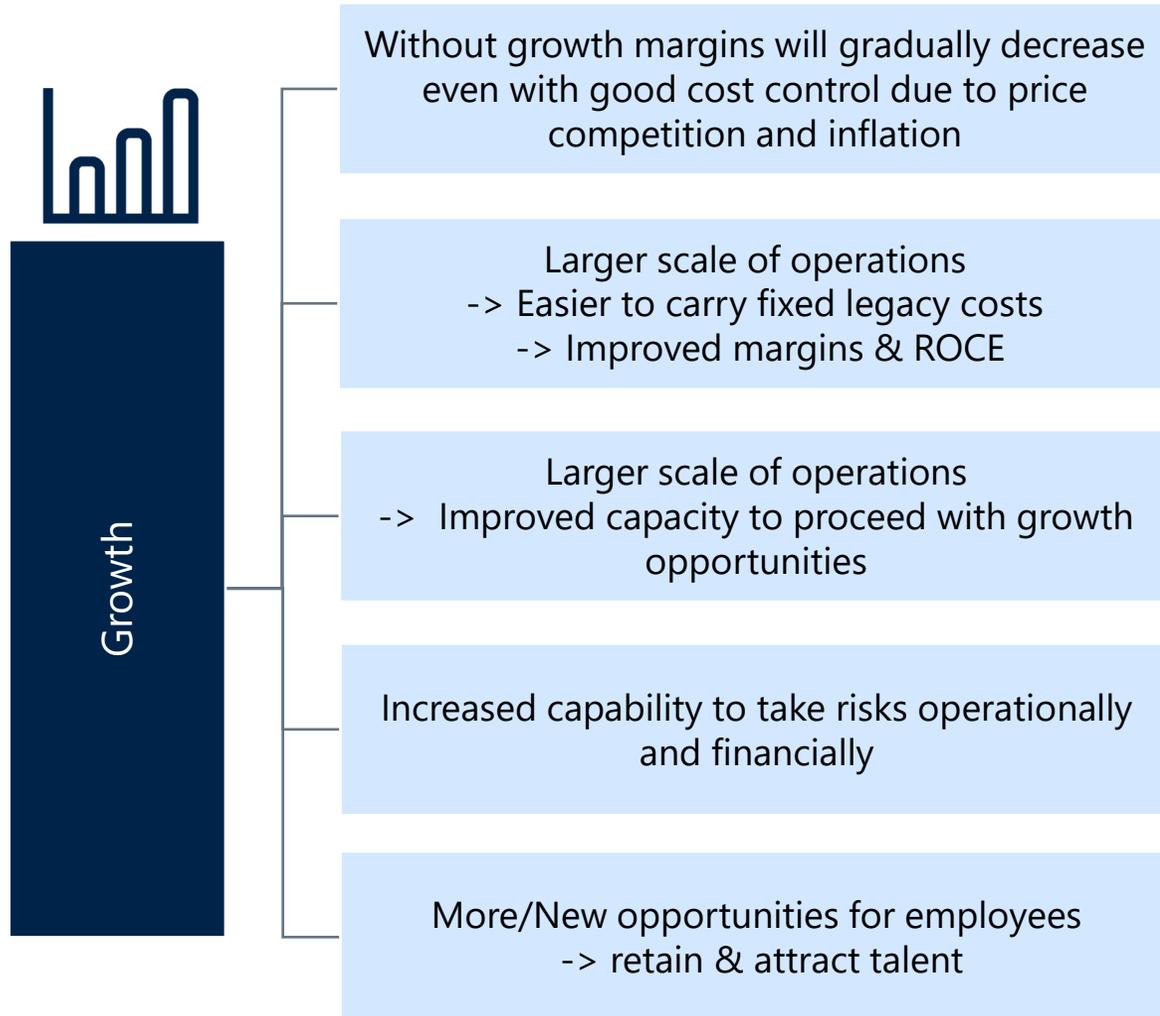
- Value creation more based on historical profits and growth
- High dividend payout ratio cannot compensate lack of growth
- Capability to deliver steady growth of dividends in the future



Share price increase

- Credible long-term profit and cash flow growth trajectory
- Value creation mostly based on expected future growth

Why growth is important



Other considerations



Interest/discount rates and impact on total shareholder return



High P/E increases volatility of share price

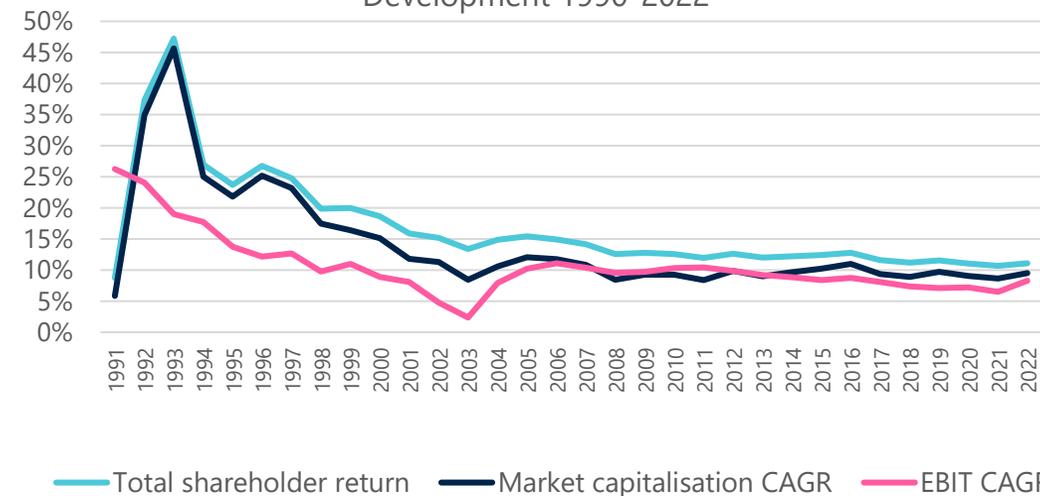


In the long-run, profits and market capitalisation tend to follow each other

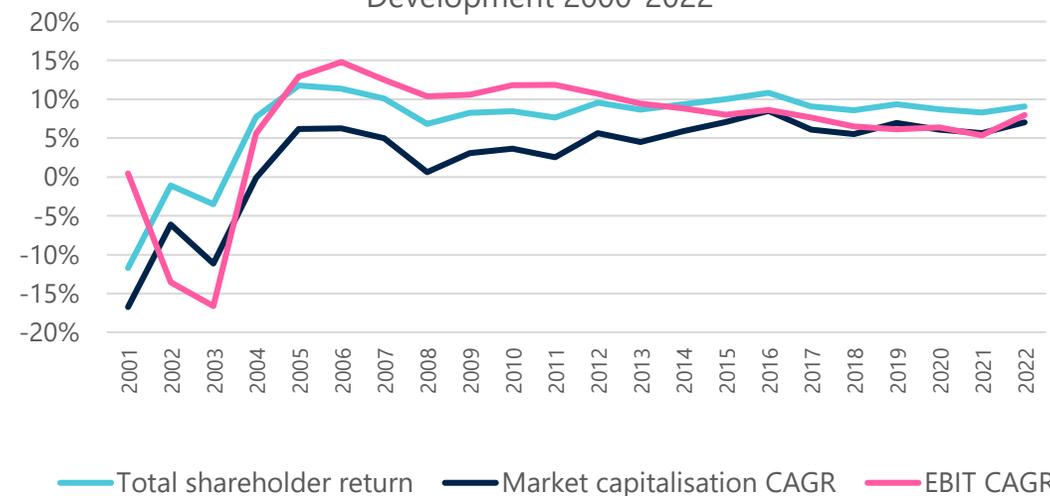


Dividends have played major role in Orion's total shareholder return

Development 1990-2022*



Development 2000-2022*



* Pro forma for years 1990-2005 before demerger, current Orion Corporation 2006-2022

Capital allocation and value creation in Orion



TSR ~11% p.a. since 1990¹



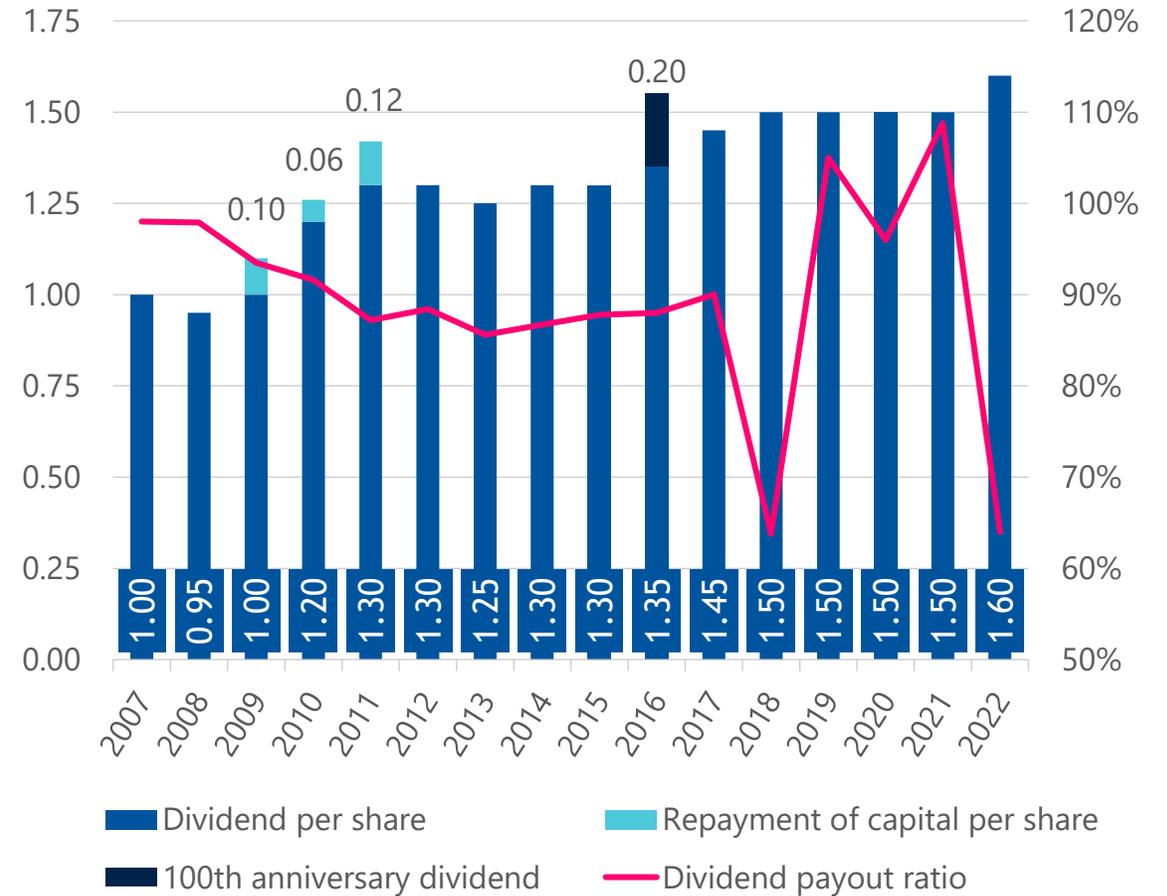
Average P/E 21 for the past 10 years. Current P/E ~30²



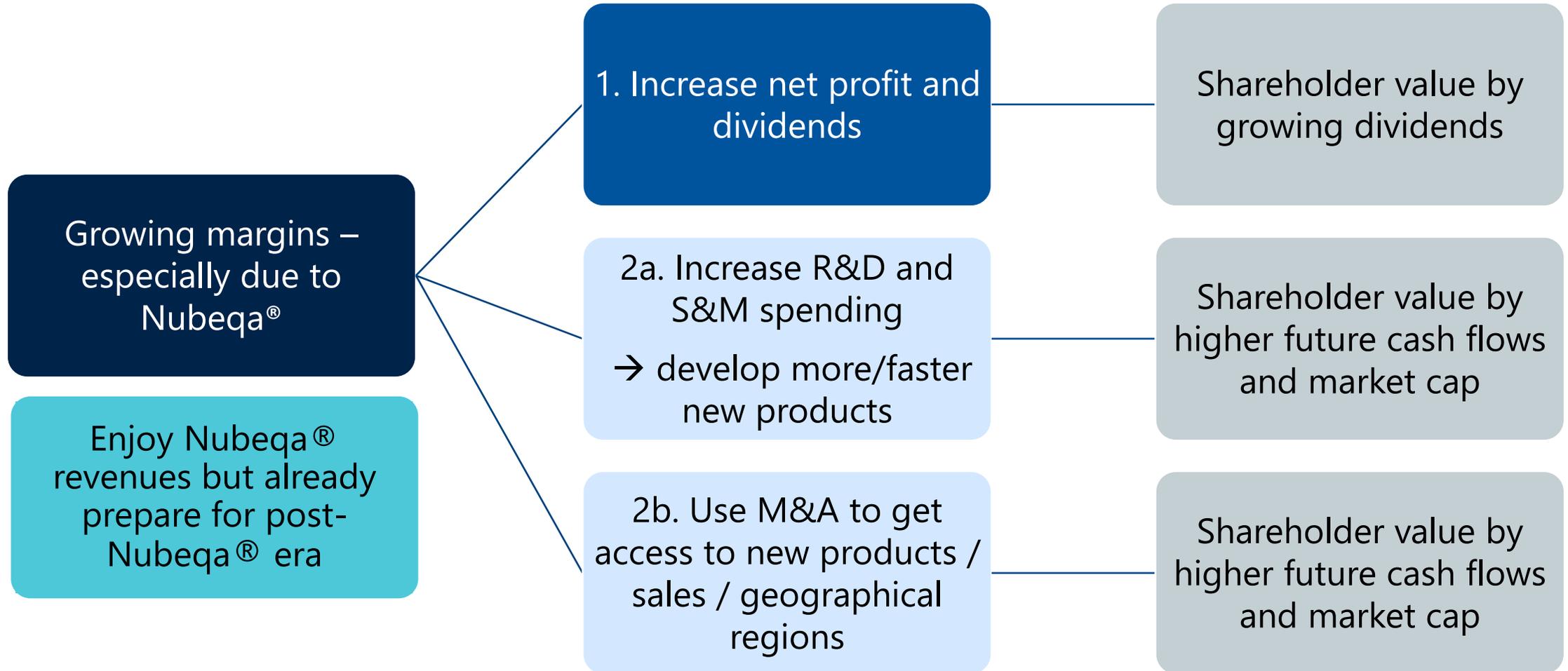
Dividend payout ratio higher than in most pharma companies



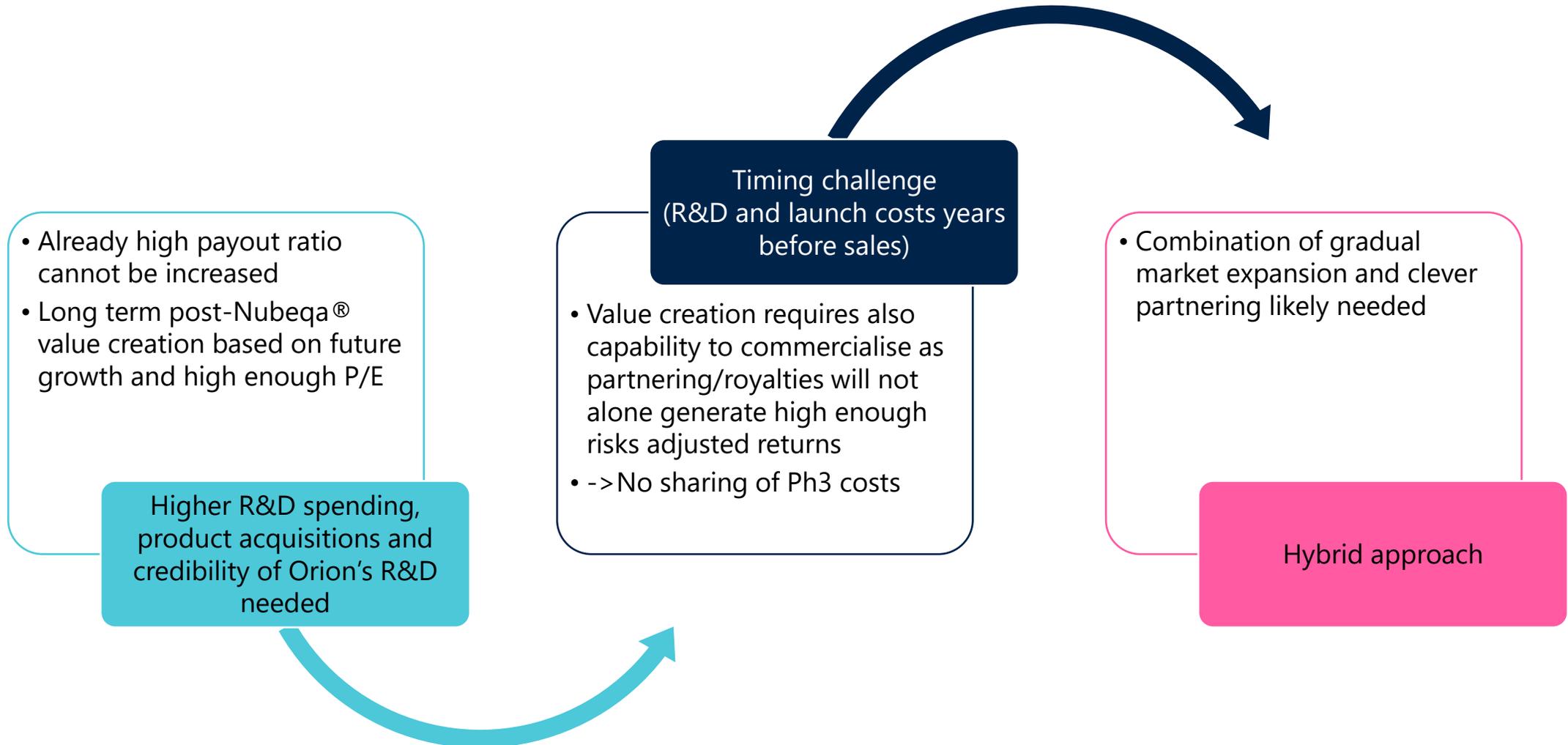
Currently high P/E and high payout ratio, but not anymore unusually high dividend yield



Views on Orion's future alternatives: General



Timing challenge in R&D and commercialisation



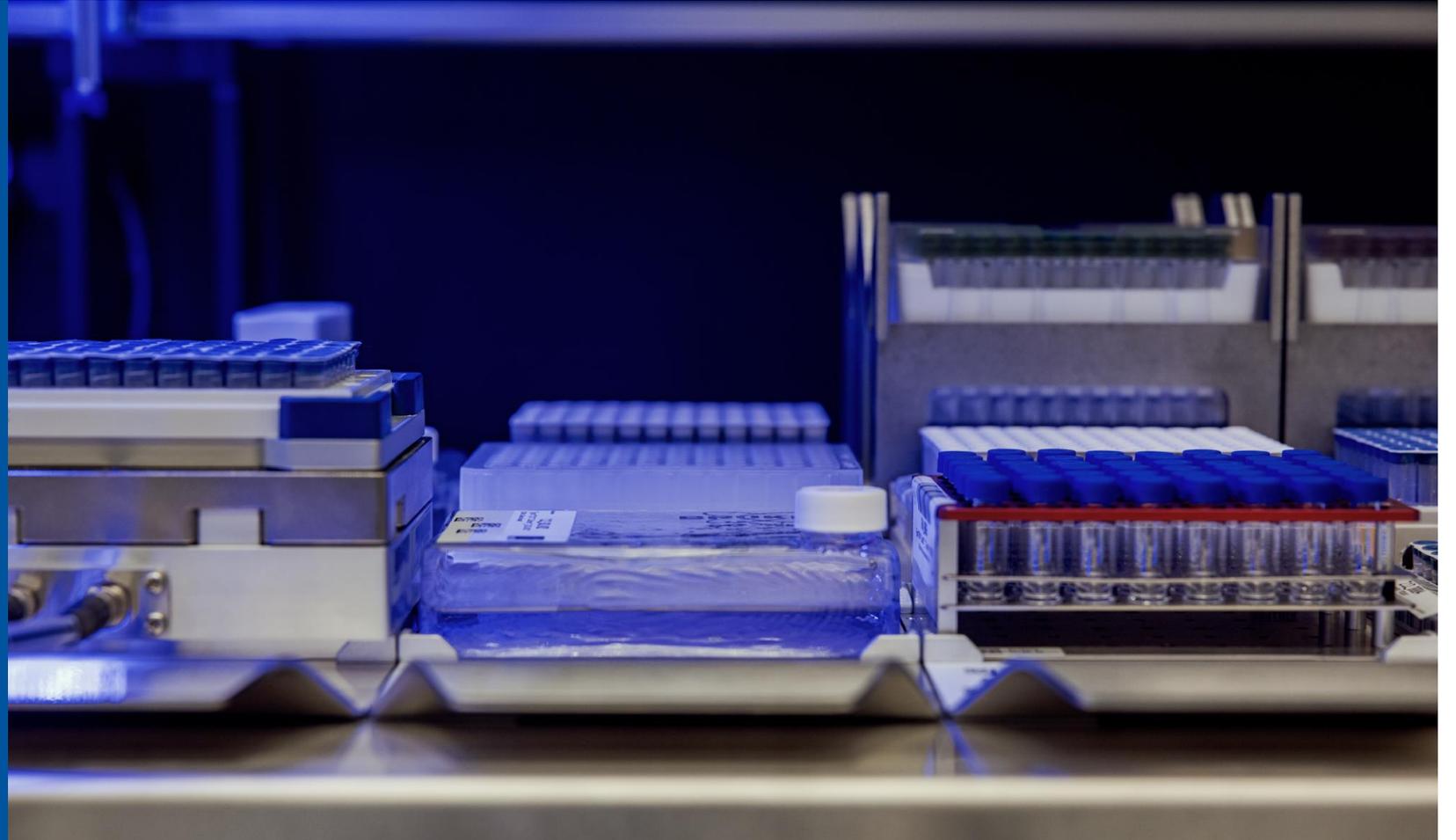
Views on Orion's future alternatives: M&A

Funding currently available		
New debt w/o share issue	EUR 400-500 million (while meeting the 50% equity ratio target)	Higher debt possible as profits grow
Share issue	14,000,000 B shares	Allows also more debt
Additional debt	EUR 600 million+	
TOTAL	~EUR 1.5-1.7 billion	

Upside potential		
R&D	>	M&A
Risks		
R&D	≥	M&A
How to mitigate M&A related risks?		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Rather smaller than larger transactions • Acquire business – not only pipeline 		

Key takeaways

1. Profitable growth key to shareholder value increase
2. Capital allocation needs to support growth with right balance between short-term profitability and long-term returns
3. Selective M&As
4. Manage risks with partnering and right M&A strategy
5. Predictable and over time increasing dividends





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